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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/813,096	03/31/2004	Ying Yu Kuo	2519-0295PUS1	5658
77032 Joe McKinney l	7590 11/13/200 Muncv	EXAMINER		
PO Box 1364	•	ZUBAJLO, JENNIFER L		
Fairfax, VA 220	J38-1364		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2629	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			11/13/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Communication		Applicati	on No.	Applicant(s)				
		10/813,0	96	KUO ET AL.				
Office Action Summary			•	Art Unit				
		JENNIFE	R ZUBAJLO	2629				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication or Reply	appears on the	e cover sheet with the d	correspondence a	ddress			
WHIC - Exter after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RECHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING asions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CF SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by streply received by the Office later than three months after the need patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	G DATE OF TH R 1.136(a). In no ev n. eriod will apply and w tatute, cause the app	HIS COMMUNICATION ent, however, may a reply be tir ill expire SIX (6) MONTHS from lication to become ABANDONE	N. mely filed the mailing date of this (ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status								
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>0</u>	13 July 2008						
-			on-final					
3)	This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final. Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
ت (۵	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	on of Claims	·						
· · _								
-	Claim(s) <u>1-13</u> is/are pending in the application.							
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
	5)∭ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-13</u> is/are rejected.							
· ·	Claim(s) is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
-	Claim(s) is are subjected to: Claim(s) are subject to restriction ar	nd/or election r	equirement					
		id/or election i	ечинеттепт.					
Applicati	on Papers							
•	The specification is objected to by the Exan		_					
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)	accepted or b)	objected to by the	Examiner.				
	Applicant may not request that any objection to	the drawing(s) I	pe held in abeyance. Se	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).								
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some coll None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 								
2) 🔲 Notic 3) 🔯 Infori	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948 nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date <u>3/13/08</u> .)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate				

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Martin Meckesheimer (Pub. No.: US 2005/0162396 A1) in view of Philippe Junod (Patent No.: US 5,854,621).

As to claims 1 and 7, Meckesheimer teaches a wireless human input method and system for constituting identification code utilized in a wireless human input device, in which said wireless human input device is composed of a wireless human transmitting device unequipped with memory and a wireless human receiving device, wherein said wireless human receiving device being electrically connected to a computer, and the method comprising following steps: (A) storing a predetermined identification code in a non-volatile memory of said wireless human receiving device (see [0027] & figure 1A – memory 18, receiver 13, and ID code 15 – note that Examiner is taking Official Notice to the memory being non-volatile because it is common and well known in the art for a wireless human receiving device to have nonvolatile memory for storing data); (B) using a micro controller of the wireless human transmitting device unequipped with memory to

send a packet, which contains an identification code generated automatically by said micro controller of said wireless human transmitting device, to said wireless human receiving device during said wireless human transmitting device being set up for the first time and said identification code comprising the same value as said predetermined identification code (see [0049] & figure 1A – transmitter 11); (C) receiving said packet in step B by said wireless human receiving device (see [0027] & [0049] – signal 50 (packet) contains ID code).

Meckesheimer does not directly teach detecting by said computer if said wireless human receiving device in step C can receive normally via executing program codes, and reading data from said non-volatile memory of said wireless human receiving device by said computer via executing said program codes in case of normal receiving being detected, comparing said predetermined identification code to said read data and said computer outputting a message of said wireless human input device being normally operated if a result being true after comparison; whereby, after completing the set-up for the first time, an user of said wireless human input device can confirm said wireless human input device having been normally set up already via said output message of said computer in step D.

Junod teaches (D) detecting by said computer if said wireless human receiving device in step C can receive normally via executing program codes, and reading data from said non-volatile memory of said wireless human receiving device by said computer via executing said program codes in case of normal receiving being detected, comparing said predetermined identification code to said read data and said computer

outputting a message of said wireless human input device being normally operated if a result being true after comparison; whereby, after completing the set-up for the first time, an user of said wireless human input device can confirm said wireless human input device having been normally set up already via said output message of said computer in step D (see column 7 line 52—column 8 line 23 & column 9 lines 6-38 - note validity indicates true after comparison results and the output message is the blinking of the LED).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the detection of the wireless human receiving device taught by Junod into the wireless human input system and method taught by Meckesheimer in order to allow a receiver to differentiate between multiple transmitters.

As to claims 2 and 8, the combination of Meckesheimer and Junod teach the method and system as defined in claims 1 and 7 respectively (see above rejection).

Junod further teaches wherein said output message is shown on a display (see column 7 line 52—column 8 line 23 – note blinking of the LED). Also, Meckesheimer teaches display output (see figure 1A).

As to claims 3 and 9, the combination of Meckesheimer and Junod teach the method and system as defined in claims 1 and 7 respectively (see above rejection).

Junod teaches wherein said wireless human transmitting device is one of a wireless mouse transmitting device, a wireless keyboard transmitting device, a wireless joy stick

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transmitting device and a wireless pointing transmitting device (see Abstract, column 2 lines 51-56, column 3 lines 2-9, column 4 lines 13-19).

As to claims 4 and 10, the combination of Meckesheimer and Junod teach the method and system as defined in claims 1 and 7 respectively (see above rejection). Junod teaches wherein said wireless human receiving device is one of a wireless mouse receiving device, a wireless keyboard receiving device, a wireless joy stick receiving device and a wireless pointing receiving device (see Abstract, column 2 lines 51-56, column 3 lines 2-9, column 4 lines 13-19).

As to claims 5 and 11, the combination of Meckesheimer and Junod teach the method and system as defined in claims 1 and 7 respectively (see above rejection). Meckesheimer teaches wherein after said message of said wireless human input device normally working being output in step D, said method further comprises a further step: (E) directing said user to change a new identification code with a value different from that of said predetermined identification code via executing said program codes by said computer, wherein said new identification code being automatically generated from said micro controller of said wireless human transmitting devices and said non-volatile memory of said wireless human receiving device being used for storing said new identification code; whereby, said packets can be prevented from being interfered during said wireless human receiving device carrying out receiving work (see [0027]). This limitation is also taught by Junod (see Abstract).

As to claims 6, 12, and 13, the combination of Meckesheimer and Junod teach the method and system as defined in claims 1 and 7 respectively (see above rejection). Junod teaches allowing said non-volatile memory of said human receiving device to store said predetermined identification code via executing said program codes by said computer wherein a driver is composed of said program codes (see column 19-38).

Note: References cited include just some examples that Examiner feels best explain the prior art rejection. However, the entire references teach the scope of the claims in more detail. Examiner recommends that Applicant read the full disclosures.

Response to Arguments

3. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-13 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

- 4. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Pub. No.: US 2005/0200594 A1 and US 2003/0160767 A1.
- 5. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

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A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to JENNIFER ZUBAJLO whose telephone number is (571)270-1551. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday, 8 am - 5 pm, EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Amare Mengistu can be reached on (571) 272-7674. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Jennifer Zubajlo/ 11/6/08

> /Amare Mengistu/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2629